PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT 5 JAN 2005

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 1217.P015PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary— Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).				
International Application No.	International Filing Da (day/month/year)					
PCT/SG2002/000194	28 August 2002	28 August 2002				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	national classification a	and IPC				
Int. Cl. 7 H04B 1/10, 7/216						
Applicant AGENCY FOR SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY AND RESEARCH et al						
This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.						
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4	sheets, including this	cover sheet.				
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).						
These annexes consist of a total	of 7 sheet(s).					
3. This report contains indications relating	ng to the following item	s:				
I X Basis of the report						
· II Priority						
III Non-establishment of o	pinion with regard to no	ovelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
IV Lack of unity of invent	ion					
V X Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Article 35(2) with roons supporting such stat	regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; tement				
VI Certain documents cite	VI Certain documents cited					
VII X Certain defects in the i	nternational application					
VIII Certain observations or	n the international appli	ication				
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of the report				
24 November 2003		8 December 2004				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU		Authorized Officer				
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA						
E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		JUZER KHANBHAI				
		Telephone No. (02) 6283 2176				

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SG2002/000194

I.		Basis of the repor			
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application:*				
		the international	application as originally filed.		
	X	the description,	pages 1-20, as originally filed,		
			pages, filed with the demand,		
			pages, received on with the letter of		
	X	the claims,	pages , as originally filed,	.	
			pages, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,		
		•	pages, filed with the demand,		
			pages 21-27, received on 16 November 2004 with the letter of 16 November 2004		
·	X	the drawings,	pages 1/6-6/6, as originally filed,		
			pages, filed with the demand,		
			pages, received on with the letter of		
		the sequence list	ing part of the description:		
			pages, as originally filed	ļ	
			pages, filed with the demand	1	
			pages, received on with the letter of		
2.	whic	th the international se elements were a	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is: a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).		
	\sqcap	the language of	publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).		
		the language of and/or 55.3).	the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2		
3.	Witl	n regard to any nu reliminary examin	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international ation was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:		
		=	international application in written form.		
		filed together w	ith the international application in computer readable form.		
		-	quently to this Authority in written form.		
		l	quently to this Authority in computer readable form.		
		1			
	Ŀ	international ap	nat the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the plication as filed has been furnished.		
		The statement to been furnished	hat the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has		
4.		The amendmen	ts have resulted in the cancellation of:	•	
1		the des	cription, pages		
		the cla	ims, Nos.		
		the dra	wings, sheets/fig.		
5.		This report has	been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to	0	
			disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**		
*	r	eport as "originally	which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in thi filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).		
**	· .	iny replacement she	et containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report		

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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement		•	•
Novelty (N)	Claims 1-34	YES	•
Novelly (14)	Claims -	NO	
Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-34	YES	
mvozave step ()	Claims -	NO	
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-34	YES	
	Claims -	NO	

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Claims 1-34: The invention defined by the amended claims relate to a method for reducing noise in a transformed signal which includes the identification of the one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of the plurality of signal components and the reconstructing to provide a reconstructed transformed signal of the transformed signal.

No individual citation or obvious combination of citations disclose the identification of the one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of the plurality of signal components and the reconstructing to provide a reconstructed transformed signal of the transformed signal. Hence, the claimed invention is novel and inventive.

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VII.	Certain defects in the international application						
The fol	The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: As a result of the amended claims pages 21-27, the abstract page is incorrectly numbered page 27.						
As a re							
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Claims

1. In a receiver of a communication system, a method for reducing noise in a transformed signal, said transformed signal having a plurality of signal components, said method comprising the steps of:

receiving a transformed signal by a detector of said communication system;

processing said transformed signal; and

reconstructing a predetermined number of times, by a reconstructing module, one or more signal components of said plurality of signal components, said reconstructing being based upon said processing step to thereby reduce noise in said transformed signal;

wherein said processing step further comprises the steps:

identifying said one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of said plurality of signal components; and

further wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of providing a reconstructed transformed signal of said transformed signal.

- 2. The method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said processing step comprises the step of providing an estimated signal from said transformed signal at output of said detector and based upon said channel estimate.
- 3. The method as claimed in Claim 2, wherein said processing step further comprises the step of decision processing said estimated signal using a plurality of decision modules.
- 4. The method as claimed in Claim 3, wherein said decision processing step comprises the step of soft decision processing.

- 5. The method as claimed in Claim 3, wherein said decision processing step comprises the step of hard decision processing.
- 6. The method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of providing another estimated signal from said reconstructed transformed signal at said output of said detector and based upon said channel estimate.
- 7. The method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein said processing step further comprises the step of decision processing said another estimated signal using said plurality of decision modules.
- 8. The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein said decision processing of said another estimated signal comprises the step of soft decision processing.
- 9. The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein said decision processing of said another estimated signal comprises the step of hard decision processing.
- 10. The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of determining whether said one or more signal components has been reconstructed said predetermined number of times
- 11. The method as claimed in Claim 10, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of determining whether to process another one or more signal components of said plurality of signal components.
- 12. The method as claimed in Claim 11, and further comprising the step of providing current estimated signal for subsequent processing when determined that iteration of said another signal component is not required.

- 13. The method as claimed in Claim 11, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of simultaneously reconstructing two or more of said another one or more signal components.
- 14. The method as claimed in Claim 11, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of reconstructing, one at a time, each of said another one or more signal components.
- 15. The method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of simultaneously reconstructing two or more of said one or more signal components.
- 16. The method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said reconstructing step further comprises the step of reconstructing, one at a time, each of said one or more signal components.
- 17. A receiver for reducing noise in a transformed signal, said transformed signal having a plurality of signal components, said receiver comprising:

 a signal reconstructing section having:

a detector for detecting said transformed signal;
one or more decision modules, each of said one or more decision
modules having an input coupled to output of said detector; and
a reconstructing module having one or more inputs, said one or
more inputs being respectively coupled to output of said one or
more decision modules,

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to reconstruct one or more signal components of said plurality of signal components a predetermined number of times to thereby form a noise-reduced transformed signal; and

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to provide a reconstructed transformed signal of said transformed signal; further wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to identify said one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of said plurality of signal components.

- 18. The receiver as claimed in Claim 17, wherein said one or more decision modules comprises one or more hard decision modules.
- 19. The receiver as claimed in Claim 17, wherein said one or more decision modules further comprises one or more soft decision modules.
- 20. The receiver as claimed in Claim 17, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction based on a relationship between a received signal component and a transmitted signal.
- 21. The receiver as claimed in Claim 17, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform simultaneous reconstruction of two or more of said one or more signal components.
- 22. The receiver as claimed in Claim 17, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction of said one or more signal components signal components one at a time.
- 23. A communication system comprising:
 - a signal reconstructing section for reducing noise in a transformed signal, said transformed signal having a plurality of signal components, said signal reconstructing section having:
 - a detector for detecting said transformed signal;

one or more decision modules, each of said one or more decision modules having an input coupled to output of said detector; and a reconstructing module having one or more inputs, said one or more inputs being respectively coupled to output of said one or more decision modules,

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to reconstruct one or more signal components of said plurality of signal components by a predetermined number of times to thereby form a noisereduced transformed signal;

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to provide a reconstructed transformed signal of said transformed signal;

further wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to identify said one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of said plurality of signal components.

- 24. The communication system as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said one or more decision modules comprises one or more hard decision modules.
- 25. The communication system as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said one or more decision modules further comprises one or more soft decision modules.
- 26. The communication system as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction based on a relationship between a received signal component and a transmitted signal.
- 27. The communication system as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform simultaneous reconstruction of two or more of said one or more signal components.

- 28. The communication system as claimed in Claim 23, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction of said one or more signal components signal components one at a time.
- 29. A signal reconstructing section for a receiver to reduce noise in a transformed signal, said transformed signal having a plurality of signal components, said signal reconstructing section comprising:

a detector for detecting said transformed signal; one or more decision modules, each of said one or more decision modules having an input coupled to output of said detector; and

a reconstructing module having one or more inputs, said one or more inputs being respectively coupled to output of said one or more decision modules,

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to reconstruct one or more signal components of said plurality of signal components by a predetermined number of times to thereby form a noisereduced transformed signal.

wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to provide a reconstructed transformed signal of said transformed signal;

further wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to identify said one or more signal components based upon a channel estimate of said plurality of signal components.

- 30. The signal reconstructing section as claimed in Claim 29, wherein said one or more decision modules comprises one or more hard decision modules.
- 31. The signal reconstructing section as claimed in Claim 29, wherein said one or more decision modules further comprises one or more soft decision modules.

- 32. The signal reconstructing section as claimed in Claim 29, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction based on a relationship between a received signal component and a transmitted signal.
- 33. The signal reconstructing section as claimed in Claim 29, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform simultaneous reconstruction of two or more of said one or more signal components.
- 34. The signal reconstructing section as claimed in Claim 29, wherein said reconstructing module is adapted to perform reconstruction of said one or more signal components signal components one at a time.